IN THE CLAIMS:

Please replace all previously pending claims with the listing of claims set forth below:

1-15. (Canceled)

- 16. (Currently Amended) A method for treating lipodystrophy in a patient comprising administering an effective amount <u>higher than or equal to 100 mg/day</u> of a docosahexaenoic acid of animal, plant or microorganism-produced origin, wherein the patient is concomitantly receiving an <u>a highly</u> active anti-retroviral therapy (HAART), thereby treating lipodystrophy in the patient.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the effective amount of the docosahexaenoic acid is 4 grams/day.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The method of any of claim 16, where the administration of the docosahexaenoic acid promotes adipocytary differentiation.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the docosahexaenoic acid has hypolipemiant activity.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the docosahexaenoic acid reduces the alpha tumour necrosis factor.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the docosahexaenoic acid has antihypertensive activity.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the docosahexaenoic acid is capable of inhibiting the toxic effects caused by the administration of an antiretroviral drug.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 16, wherein the docosahexaenoic acid is present in an extract in a concentration which ranges between 5% and 100% (w/w).

- 24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 23, wherein the docosahexaenoic acid is present in an extract in a concentration which ranges between 50% and 100% (w/w).
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the docosahexaenoic acid is administered orally.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the docosahexaenoic acid is administered parenterally.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the patient is a human patient.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 27, wherein the human patient is infected with the HIV virus.